

Zyto Light ® SPEC BIRC3/MALT1 Dual Color Dual Fusion Probe



Background

The ZytoLight ® SPEC BIRC3/MALT1 Dual Color Dual Fusion Probe is designed to detect translocations involving the chromosomal region 11q22.2 harboring the BIRC3 (baculoviral IAP repeat containing 3, a.k.a. API2) gene and the chromosomal region 18q21.32 harboring the MALT1 (mucosa associated lymphoid tissue lymphoma translocation gene 1, a.k.a. MLT) gene.

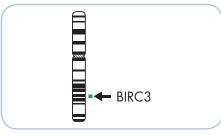
The recurrent translocation t(11;18) (q22.2;q21.3) is frequently found in mucosa-associated lymphoid tissue (MALT) lymphoma which represents the most common extranodal B-cell tumor and accounts for 5-10% of all non-Hodgkin lymphoma. The translocation results in the expression of chimeric fusion transcripts comprising the N-terminal end of the apoptosis inhibitor BIRC3 which is highly expressed in adult lymphoid tissue and C-terminal parts of the MALT1 protease.

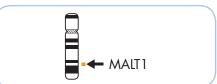
The BIRC3/MALT1 fusion protein was shown to induce proteolytic cleavage of NF-kappa-B-inducing kinase (NIK) ultimately resulting in constitutive non-canonical NF-kappa-B signaling, enhanced B-cell adhesion, and apoptosis resistance. It is assumed that disruption of the BIRC3-NIK interaction and/or blocking of MALT1 protease or NIK kinase activity could represent new treatment approaches for refractory t(11;18)-positive MALT lymphoma.

Dierlamm J, et al. (1999) Blood 93: 3601-9 Dierlamm J, et al. (2000) Blood 96: 2215-8. Morgan JA, et al. (1999) Cancer Res 59: 6205-13. Rosebeck S, et al. (2011) Science 331: 468-72.

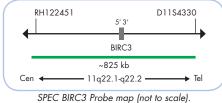
Probe Description

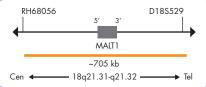
The SPEC BIRC3/MALT1 Dual Color Dual Fusion Probe is a mixture of a green direct labeled BIRC3 probe spanning the BIRC3 gene region at 11q22.1-q22.2 and an orange direct labeled MALT1 probe spanning the MALT1 gene region at 18q21.31q21.32.





Ideograms of chromosomes 11 (above) and 18 (below) indicating the hybridization locations.

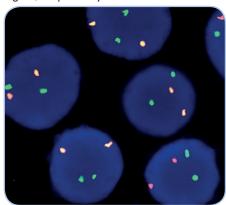




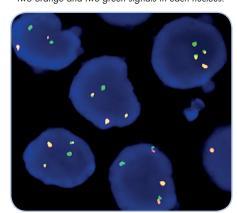
SPEC MALT 1 Probe map (not to scale).

Results

In a normal interphase nucleus, two orange and two green signals are expected. A reciprocal translocation involving two breakpoints splits the two signals and generates a fusion signal on each of the chromosomes involved. The chromosomal regions which are not translocated are indicated by the single orange and green signal, respectively.



SPEC BIRC3/MALT1 Dual Color Dual Fusion Probe hybridized to normal interphase cells as indicated by two orange and two green signals in each nucleus.



MALT lymphoma tissue section with translocation affecting the BIRC3/MALT1 loci as indicated by one separate orange signal, one separate green signal, and two orange/green fusion signals.

Prod. No.	Product	Label	Tests* (Volume)
Z-2146-50	Zyto Light SPEC BIRC3/MALT1 Dual Color Dual Fusion Probe C € IVD	•/•	5 (50 µl)
Z-2146-200	Zyto Light SPEC BIRC3/MALT1 Dual Color Dual Fusion Probe C € IVD	•/•	20 (200 µl)
Related Products			
Z-2028-5	Zyto Light FISH-Tissue Implementation Kit C (IVD Ind. Heat Pretreatment Solution Citric, 150 ml; Pepsin Solution, 1 ml; Wash Buffer SSC, 150 ml; 25x Wash Buffer A, 50 ml; DAPI/DuraTect-Solution, 0.2 ml		5
Z-2028-20	Zyto Light FISH-Tissue Implementation Kit CE IVD Incl. Heat Pretreatment Solution Citric, 500 ml; Pepsin Solution, 4 ml; Wash Buffer SSC, 500 ml; 25x Wash Buffer A, 100 ml; DAPI/DuraTect-Solution, 0.8 ml		20

^{*} Using 10 µl probe solution per test. CE IVD only available in certain countries. All other countries research use only! Please contact your local dealer for more information